Independent Auditor's Report

The Members Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited New Delhi

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of application of appropriate accounting and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2017, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure-A" a statement on matters specified in paragraphs 3 & 4 of the said order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014;
 - e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2017 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in ...
 - g) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no comments thereon are called for.

Chartered

For VINOD SANJEEV BINDAL & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.012493N

(bh #

(ARVIND MITTAL)
Partner

Membership No. 509357

Shiv Sushil Bhawan D-219, Vivek Vihar-I New Delhi-110 095 Dated: 27/05/2017

"ANNEXURE-A" CONTAINING REPORT ON MATTERS REQUIRED BY CARO, 2016

(Referred to in paragraph '1' under 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirement' section of our report of even date)

- a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b) All assets were physically verified by the management during the year and there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) Title deeds of all immovable properties belonging to the Company are held in the name of the Company.
- Inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
- 3. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly paragraphs 3(iii)(a), 3(iii)(b) and 3(iii)(c) of the Order are not applicable.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, provisions of sections 185
 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with in respect of loans, investments,
 guarantees and security.
- 5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 7. (a) According to the records of the Company and the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it.
 - (b) According to the records of the Company and the information and explanations given to us, no disputed dues of income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty and/or value added tax were outstanding as at the last date of the financial year concerned, except the following:

				i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (in Rs Lacs)	Period to which the amount	Forum where dispute is pending

NIL

- The Company has neither borrowed any funds from financial institution or bank, nor issued debentures.
 Accordingly, no comments are called for on defaults in repayment of such dues.
- 9. The Company did not raise any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year under review. Therefore, no comments on utilization of those funds by the Company are called for.

- 10. Based upon the audit procedures performed and information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud on or by the company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- 11. According to the information and explanations given to us, managerial remuneration has been paid or provided by the Company in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule-V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- The Company is not a Nidhi Company, therefore, no comments are called for in respect of compliance with the provisions of Nidhi Rules, 2014.
- 13. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the requisite details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. The Company did not make any prefrential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Therefore, no further comments in this regard are called for.
- 15. Based upon the audit procedures performed and information and explanations given by the management, we report that that the Company has not undertaken any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to obtain registration under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For VINOD SANJEEV BINDAL & CO. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.012493N

Shiv Sushil Bhawan D-219, Vivek Vihar-I New Delhi-110 095 Dated: 27/05/2017

(ARVIND MITTAL)
Partner

Membership No. 509357

"ANNEXURE-B" CONTAINING REPORT ON THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

(Referred to in paragraph '2(f)' under 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accountage records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Chartered

Accountants

For VINOD SANJEEV BINDAL & CO.

١.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.012493N

Shiv Sushil Bhawan D-219, Vivek Vihar-I New Delhi-110 095

Dated: 27/05/2017

(ARVIND MITTAL)
Partner

Membership No. 509357

Regd. Office: 7361, Ravindra Mansion, Ram Nagar, New Delhi - 110 055

(CIN: U74899DL1979PTC014517)

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2017

	Notes	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Equity and liabilities		(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3		
Reserves and surplus	3	149,000	149,000
	4 .	67,378,875	66,224,656
		67,527,875	66,373,656
Non Current liabilities			
Deferred tax liability (net)	5	66,671	42 245
	· -	66,671	43,245
Current liabilities		00,071	43,245
Other current liabilities	6	335,595	1 160 712
Short-term Provision	7	560,866	1,160,713
	· -	896,461	321,997
TOTAL	-	68,491,007	1,482,710 67,899,611
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	8	108,865	502 001
Non-current investments	9	45,334,214	503,981
Loans and advances	10	13,334,214	45,334,214
Current assets		45,443,079	45,838,195
Frade receivables			Problem Approximate Approximately
Trade receivables Cash and bank balances	11	16,482,745	18,249,123
cans and advances	12	1,950,471	222,981
	10	3,200,000	2,062,303
Other current assets	13	1,414,712	1,527,008
TOTAL		23,047,928	22,061,415
summary of significant accounting policies	-	68,491,007	67,899,611
difficulty of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Chartered Accountants

As per our report of even date

For Vinod Sanjeev Bindal & Co.

ICAI Firm registration number: 01249 Chartered Accountants

per Arvind Mittal

Partner \

Membership No. 509357

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited

Saurabh Mittal

Director

DIN 01402533

Ankita Gupta

Director

DIN 00054090

Date: 27th May, 2017 Place: New Delhi

Regd. Office: 7361, Ravindra Mansion, Ram Nagar, New Delhi - 110 055

(CIN: U74899DL1979PTC014517)

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31 March 2017

	Notes	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
		(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Income			
Revenue from operations	14	2,667,468	7,234,368
Other income	15	573	1,025,368
Total revenue (I)		2,668,041	8,259,736
Expenses			
Cost of materials and components consumed	16		2 100 050
Employee benefit expenses	17	205 (45	3,198,050
Depreciation expenses	18	205,645	3,426,149
Finance costs	19	395,115	395,829
Other expenses	20	241	127
Total expenses (II)	20 .	328,528 929,529	7,432,171
P. A. J. A		, , , , ,	7,432,171
Profit before tax (I-II)		1,738,512	827,564
Tax expenses			
Current tax		560,866	321,997
Deferred tax charge		23,427	(84,885)
Total tax expenses	-	584,293	237,112
Dwellt fou the navied	-		
Profit for the period	10-	1,154,219	590,453
Earnings per equity share [Nominal value of share Rs. 1,000]	21		
Basic			
Computed on the basis of total profit for the period		10 000 00	5 570 21
Diluted		10,888.86	5,570.31
Computed on the basis of total profit for the period		10,888.86	5,570.31
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Chartered Accountants

As per our report of even date

For Vinod Sanjeev Bindal & Co.

ICAI Firm registration number: 012493

Chartered Accountants

per Arvind Mittal

Partner

Membership No. 50933

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited

Saurabh Mittal

Director

DIN 01402533

Ankita Gupta Director

DIN 00054090

Date: 27th May, 2017 Place: New Delhi

Regd. Office: 7361, Ravindra Mansion, Ram Nagar, New Delhi - 110 055

(CIN: U74899DL1979PTC014517)

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2017

÷	Notes	31 March 2017 (Amount in Rs.)	31 March 2016
Cash flow from operating activities		(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Profit before tax		1 729 512	
Non-cash adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:		1,738,512	1,815,430
Depreciation expenses		205 115	
Profit on sale of current investments		395,115	518,508
Provision on dimnution of investment written back		-	(328,278)
Interest expense		-	(91,800)
Interest income			604,139
Dividend income		(400)	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	-	(400)	(4,050)
Movements in working capital:		2,133,227	2,513,949
Decrease in trade payables			
Decrease in provisions		- ((01.040)	(46,594,013)
(Decrease) / increase in other current liabilities		(621,040)	(350,988)
Decrease in trade receivables		(825,118)	241,944
Decrease in inventories		1,766,379	49,313,892
Increase in other assets			4,571,319
(Increase) / decrease in loans and advances		112,296	
Cash generated from operating activities		(1,137,697)	2,538,278
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)		1,428,047	12,234,381
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)		105,001	(1,719,761)
,		1,533,048	10,514,620
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of current investments			
Dividends received		-	694,741
nterest received		400	4,050
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	-	400	698,791
Cash flows from financing activities		.,,,	076,771
Repayment of long-term borrowings			
Lepayment of short term borrowing		-	(604,009)
nterest paid		-	(10,156,503)
let cash used in in financing activities (C)		<u> </u>	(604,139)
and a manner activities (C)		-	(11,364,651)
et increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)			_
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period/year		1,533,448	(151,240)
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the period/year		417,023	568,263
i and the one of the period year		1,950,471	417,023
omponents of cash and cash equivalents			
ash on hand		153	10.222
alances with banks		133	19,272
on current account		1,950,318	207.75
otal cash and cash equivalents (note 15)	0000000	1,950,318	397,751 417,023
ammary of significant accounting policies			11,023

As per our report of even date
For Vinod Sanjeev and & Co. ICAI Firm registration number: 012493N
Chartered Accountants
Chartered

per Arvind Mitta

Partner
Membership No. 509357

Date: 27th May, 2017 Place: New Delhi For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited

Saurabh Mittal

Director DIN 01402533 Ankita Gupta Director

DIN 00054090

Regd. Office: 7361, Ravindra Mansion, Ram Nagar, New Delhi - 110 055

(CIN: U74899DL1979PTC014517)

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

(All amount in Indian Rupee, unless otherwise stated)

1. Corporate information

Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited (the Company) is a Private Company incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is wholly owned subsidiary of S Chand and Company Limited, which is holding company for all publishing business of S Chand Group. Till year ended March 31, 2016, the Company was primarily engaged in sale of its own books to S Chand Group, however from current financial year the company has earned by way of royalty income.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 and Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention method.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous period.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

(b) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of property, plant and equipment is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition/ sale of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized/ sold.

Property, plant and equipment held for sale is valued at lower of their carrying amount and net realizable value.

(c) Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intercladuse of sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

(d) Investments

Regd. Office: 7361, Ravindra Mansion, Ram Nagar, New Delhi - 110 055

(CIN: U74899DL1979PTC014517)

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

(All amount in Indian Rupee, unless otherwise stated)

Investments, which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. On initial recognition, all investments are measured at cost. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

(e) Revenue recognition

Sale of Service

Revenue should be recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the balance sheet date.

Income from Royalty

Revenue from royalty earned on accrual basis in accordance with the term of agreement entered into with Holding company.

Dividends

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date.

(f) Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

The Company operatesdefined benefit plan for its employees, viz., gratuity. The cost of providing benefits under this plan is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at each period-end. Actuarial gain and loss for defined benefit planis recognized in full in the period in which they occur in the statement of profit and loss.

(g) Income taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the Company operates. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income originating during the current period and reversal of timing differences for the earlier periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible timing differences only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

At each reporting date, the Company re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. The Company writes-down the carrying amount of deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that

Du

Regd. Office: 7361, Ravindra Mansion, Ram Nagar, New Delhi - 110 055

(CIN: U74899DL1979PTC014517)

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

(All amount in Indian Rupee, unless otherwise stated)

sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(h) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(i) Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

(j) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(k) Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

3. Share capital

	31 March 20	17 31 March 2016
	(Amount in R	(Amount in Rs.)
Authorised shares:		
500 (31 March 2016: 500) equity shares of Rs. 1,000 each	500,0	00 500,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital:		
149 (31 March 2016: 149) equity shares of Rs. 1,000 each fully paid up	149,00	00 149,000
Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital	149,00	0 149,000

(a) Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period/year:

	31 March 2017		31 March	2016
	Number	(Amount in Rs.)	Number	(Amount in Rs.)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year	149	149,000	149	149,000
Issued during the period/year		-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the period/year	149	149,000	149	149,000

(b) Terms / rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 1,000 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the year ended 31st March, 2017 the amount of per share dividend recognized as distributions to equity shareholders was Rs. Nil

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Equity shares held by Holding Company

Out of equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its Holding Company as below:

	31 March 2017 (Amount in Rs.)	31 March 2016 (Amount in Rs.)
S Chand and Company Limited, the Holding Company 149 (31 March 2016: 149) equity share of Rs. 1000 each fully paid up	149,000	149,000
(1 share held in the name of Mr. Himanshu Gupta as nominee of or beneficial interest of S Chand and Company Limited)		

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company:

Name of the shareholder	As at 30 June 2017		As at 31 March 2016	
	Number	% holding	Number	% holding
Equity shares of Rs. 1,000 each fully paid-up				
S Chand and Company Limited, the Holding Company	149	100%	149	100%
(1 share held in the name of Mr. Himanshu Gupta as nominee)				

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

		31 March 2017 (Amount in Rs.)	31 March 20 (Amount in R
Securities Premium Account			
Opening Balance		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Add: Securities premium credited on share issue		24,102,000	24,102,00
Closing Balance			
		24,102,000	24,102,00
General reserve			
Balance as per last financial statements		21 600 000	21 (00 00
Add: amount transferred from surplus balance in		21,600,000	21,600,00
the statement of profit and loss			
Closing balance		21,600,000	21,600,000
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss			
Balance as per last financial statements		20,522,656	10.020.00
Profit for the period/year		1,154,219	19,932,203
Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss		21,676,875	590,45
		21,070,073	20,522,656
Total reserves and surplus		67,378,875	66,224,656
. Deferred tax liability (net)			
		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
		(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Defended to lightlife.			
Deferred tax liability Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciate	Maria and the American Control of the Control of th		
Net deferred tax assets	ion and depreciation/	66,671	43,245
The deferred than history		66,671	43,245
Other current liabilities			
		31 March 2017	21 34 201
		(Amount in Rs.)	31 March 2016
Other current liabilities		(remount in ics.)	(Amount in Rs.
Employee Benefit Payable		4 <u>2</u> 0	491,330
Other Payables		335,595	363,285
Tax deducted at source payable		-	35,604
Other statutory dues payable		-	270,494
		335,595	1,160,713
		335,595	1,160,713
SHORT TERM PROVISIONS			
		21 3/1 201=	
		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
		(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Provision for Income Tax			
For AY 2016-17		-	321,997
For AY 2017-18		560,866	321,997
		560,866	321,997
/T	his space has been intentionally left blank)		
(1)	ms space has been intentionally left blank)	AND THE REAL PROPERTY OF	100
	, i	10 10	34.
	1	111 10 - 10001:01:	C = 11

Lun

8. Property, Plant and Equipment

		(Am	ount in Rs.)
	License Fee	Computer	Tota
Cost			2018
At 01 April 2015	5,125,000	596,195	5,721,195
Additions	-	-	3,721,173
Disposals	-	_	-
At 31 March 2016	5,125,000	596,195	5,721,195
Additions	-	-	3,721,193
Disposals	_		-
At 31 March 2017	5,125,000	596,195	5,721,195
Depreciation			
At 01 April 2015	4,255,000	566,386	4 921 207
Charge for the year	395,829	500,500	4,821,386
Disposals	-	-	395,829
			_
At 31 March 2016	4,650,829	566 386	5 217 215
At 31 March 2016 Charge for the period	4,650,829 395,115	566,386	5,217,215
	4,650,829 395,115	566,386	5,217,215 395,115
Charge for the period		-	395,115
Charge for the period Disposals	395,115	566,386	
Charge for the period Disposals	395,115	-	395,115 -
Charge for the period Disposals At 31 March 2017	395,115	-	395,115

	31 March 2017 (Amount in Rs.)	31 March 2 (Amount in
Non-trade investments (value at cost unless stated otherwise) Investment in equity instruments (quoted)		
125 (31 March 2016: 125) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up in Reliance Power Limited	55,239	55
400 (31 March 2016: 400) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up in EIH Associated Hotel Ltd.	78,975	78
0000 (31 March 2016: 10000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up in Bharat Glass Tubes Ltd.	100,000	100
nvestment in equity instruments (unquoted) ,73,750 (31 March 2016: 5,73,750) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up in BPI India Private Limited	45,100,000	45,100,
	45,334,214	45,334,2
aggregate amount of quoted investments (Market value: Rs. 246,953 (31 March 2016: Rs. 122,169)) aggregate amount of unquoted investments aggregate provision for diminution in value of Investment	234,214 45,100,000	234, 45,100,

	Non-current		Current	
	31 March 2017 (Amount in Rs.)	31 March 2016 (Amount in Rs.)	31 March 2017 (Amount in Rs.)	31 March 2016
Security deposit			((Amount in its.
Unsecured, considered good	-	(e	-	
Loans and advances to related parties (refer note 26)				
Unsecured, considered good	-		-	-
Advances recoverable in cash and kind				
Unsecured, considered good	-	-	1,200,000	-
Other loans & advances				
Unsecured, considered good				
Advance income tax (net of provision for taxation of Rs. Nil (31 March 2016: Rs. Nil))	-	-	-	-
Staff Advances		12		
Other loans & advances	-	-	2,000,000	62,303
77			2,000,000	2,000,000
Total	-	-	3,200,000	2,062,303

San A

Accountante CO

11. Trade receivables		
	31 March 2017	31 March 20
	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in R
Outstanding for period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment Unsecured, considered good		_
Other receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	16,482,745	18,249,12
Trade receivables include:	16,482,745	18,249,12
Due from holding company		
S Chand and Company Limited	16,482,745	14,987,100
Fellow subsidiaries	10,702,713	14,567,100
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	_	3,262,023
2. Cash and bank balances		2,202,02.
	31 March 2017	31 March 201
Cash and cash equivalents	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.
Balances with banks		
-in current account	1.050.210	
	1,950,318	197,013
Cash in hand	153	25,968
	1,950,471	222,981
Other current assets		
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Income Tax Refund	1,414,712	1,527,008
	1,414,712	1,527,008
		, ,,,,,,,





14. Revenue from operations		
	31 March 2017 (Amount in Rs.)	31 March 201 (Amount in Rs
Sale of services		
Royalty Income		
one Value V control (Control	2,667,468	4,036,30
Other operating revenues		
Sale of paper	_	2 100 00
		3,198,06
Danier Community of the		
Revenue from operations (net)	26,67,468	72,34,36
Details of products sold		
	31 March 2017	31 March 201
Sale of Service	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs
Royalty Income		
Royalty income	2,667,468	4,036,30
Traded goods sold	2,667,468	4,036,30
Paper		9340Abbang 10
	-	3,198,06
		3,198,06
. Other income		
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Total	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.
Interest income - from others		
Dividend Income on non-current investment	-	152
Miscellaneous Balance w/back	400	2,522
2 Marie Mari	173	1,022,694
	573	1,025,368
Cost of raw material and components consumed		
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Investment de la contraction d		(Famount in 163.)
Inventory at the beginning of the year Add: purchases		3,198,050
Add . putchases	<u> </u>	
Less: inventory at the end of the year	-	3,198,050
Cost of raw material and components consumed*	<u></u>	
- Composition Consumed		3,198,050
*Raw material at the beginning of the year ended 31 March 2016 was sold during the year (31 Ma	arch 2015: Nil) (Refer note 17).	
of fair material and components consumed	2124	
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Paper		3,198,050
		3,198,050





17. Employee benefits expense		
	31 March 2017	
	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Salaries, wages and bonus	205,645	2 701 502
Contribution to provident and other funds	203,043	2,701,582
Gratuity expense (refer note 27)	-	416,519
Staff welfare expenses		270,494
	205,645	37,554 3,426,149
18. Depreciation expense		2,120,112
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Depreciation of tangible assets	395,115	205 020
	395,115	395,829 395,829
19. Finance cost		0,02,02
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	(Amount in Rs.)	
Interest expenses		-
- On vehicle loan		
- On others	-	
Bank charges	-	
	241 241	127 127
20. Other expenses		127
out expenses	31 March 2017	21.14
	(Amount in Rs.)	31 March 2016 (Amount in Rs.)
Rent Travelling and conveyance		(Finduit III Its.)
Legal & professional fee		89,746
Payment to auditors (refer details below)	246,128	171,855
Filing Fee	80,500	103,050
Insurance	± 0	4,409
Miscellaneous expenses	.1	24,960
Telephone Expenses	=	13,000
Office expenses	-	2,700
Interest on TDS	-	-
	1,900	2,296
	328,528	412,016
Payment to auditor		
As auditor:		
Audit fees Tax Audit fee	80,500	103,050
4	80,500	102.050
1. Earning per share (EPS)		103,050
and the state (ET 0)	31 March 2017	21 March 2016
		31 March 2016 Amount in Rs.)
The following reflects the profit and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:		
Profit after tax		
	1,154,219	590,453
Total number of average equity shares outstanding at the end of the period for basic EPS Total number of average equity shares outstanding at the end of the period for diluted EPS	106	106
Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	106	106
Diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	10,888.86	5,570
- marca currings per share (1/5.7	10,888.86	5,570





22. Expenditure in foreign currency (accrual basis)

Travelling and conveyance
Staff welfare

31-Mar-17
(Amount in Rs.)
(Amount in Rs.)

23. Imported and indigenous raw materials, components and spare parts consumed

	31 Marc	31-Mar-16		
	Percentage (%)	Amount (Rs.)	Percentage (%)	Amount (Rs.)
Raw materials				
Indigenously obtained	100%		100%	_
	100%	-	100%	

24. Gratuity and other post-employment benefit plans

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn basic salary) for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months on projected unit method.

25. Disclosure required under Sec 186(4) of the Companies Act 2013

Included in loans and advance are certain loans the particulars of which are disclosed below as required by Sec 186(4) of Companies Act 2013:						
Name of the loanee	Rate of Interest	Due date		31 March 2017	31 March 2016	

NIL

The loans have been utilized for meeting their working capital requirements.

26. Related Party Disclosures

Names of related parties and related party relationship

Related parties where control exists

Holding Company

S Chand and Company Limited

Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the period/year

Fellow subsidiaries

BPI (India) Pvt. Ltd.

Key Management Personnel

Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Director (till 20 May 2016)

Mr. Himanshu Gupta, Director (till 20 May 2016)

Mrs. Nirmala Gupta, Director (till 20 May 2016)

Mrs. Neerja Jhunjhnuwala, Director

Mrs. Savita Gupta, Director

Mrs. Ankita Gupta, Director



Related party transactions

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial period/year:

b) Transactions with the related parties

Nature of transactions	Period/year ended	Holding company	Fellow subsidiaries	Key management personnel	Total
Sales- paper					
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	31 March 2017	-	_	_	_
License fees	31 March 2016	-	3,198,062	-	3,198,062
S Chand and Company Limited	31 March 2017	2,667,468	-	-	2,667,468
	31 March 2016	4,035,634	-	-	4,035,634
Director's remuneration					
Himanshu Gupta	31 March 2017	-	-	205,645	205,645
	31 March 2016	-	-	1,500,000	1,500,000

c) Balance outstanding

	Year Ended	Holding Company	Fellow subsidiaries	Key management personnel	Total
Trade receivable					
S Chand and Company Limited	31 March 2017 31 March 2016	16,482,745 14,987,100	-	-	16,482,745 14,987,100
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	31 March 2017 31 March 2016		3,262,023	-	3,262,023
Investment made in equity shares BPI (INDIA) Pvt. Ltd.	31 March 2017 31 March 2016	-	45,100,000 45,100,000	-	45,100,000 45,100,000

(This space has been intentionally left blank)

Au.



27. Dues to Micro, small and medium enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

The Company has requested its various suppliers, who may be the enterprises covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, to furnish the relevant registration certificate under that Act, but the said information is yet to be received till date; and hence, in absence of the same, no specific amount of outstanding on account of purchases made / services obtained from such suppliers can be ascertained.

28. The Company has only one reportable business segment, which is right of use given to Holding Company (S Chand and Company Limited) w.r.t. publication rights and operates in a single business segment based on the nature of the services, the risk and returns, the organization structure and the internal financial reporting systems. Accordingly, the amounts appearing in the financial statements relate to the Company's single business segment.

29. EXCEPTIONAL & EXTRA-ORDINARY ITEMS

No exceptional or extra-ordinary items of revenue nature occurred during the year (PY Nil). Hence no separate disclosure of the same is made in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

30. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & COMMITMENTS (to the extent not provided for)	31st March, 2017 Amount (Rs.)	31st March, 2016 Amount (Rs.)
 (i) Contingent Liabilities A. Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts B. Guarantees C. Bills of exchange discounted with banks D. Tax demand disputed in appeals 	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil
 (ii) <u>Commitments</u> A. Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital accounts and not provided for B. Uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid C. Other commitments 	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil

31. Previous year figures

Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, where necessary, to conform to this year's classification.

As per our report of even date For Vinod Sanjeev Bindal & Co.

ICAI Firm registration number: 012493N

Chartered

Accountante

Chartered Accountants

per Arvind Mittal Partner

Membership No. 509357

Date: 27th May, 2017

Place: New Delhi

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited

Saurabh Mittal

Director

DIN 01402533

Ankita Gupta

Director DIN 00054090